

スタチンと睡眠障害 (Abstract # 3725)

脂溶性のシンバスタチンは一部の患者において、水溶性のプラバス タチンでは出現しない有意な睡眠障害を引き起こす可能性がある

Fat-soluble simvastatin can cause significant sleep problems in some patients who might not develop problems with water-soluble pravastatin

脂溶性のシンバスタチンは一部の患者において、水溶性のプラバスタチンでは出現しない有意な睡眠障害を引き起こす可能性がある、とAmerican Heart Association学会で発表された。研究者らは、シンバスタチン(20mg)、プラバスタチン(40mg)、またはプラセボを用いた二重盲検プラセボコントロール試験において健康な成人1,016人を調査した。結果はLeedsスケール、睡眠の質に関するvisual analog scale、および睡眠障害の評価尺度を用いて評価した。シンバスタチンを内服した者のうち睡眠の質が低下したと訴えた者は、睡眠の質が良いと答えた者と比較し、aggressionスコアもまた低下していた。筆者らは、シンバスタチンを内服する患者のうち臨床的に有意な睡眠障害を有する者の割合は小さいかもしれないが、他のスタチンを考慮することにより、これらの患者はスタチンを継続し睡眠の質も保つことができるであろうと述べている。

Full Text

Fat-soluble simvastatin can cause significant sleep problems in some patients who might not develop such problems if treated with water-soluble pravastatin, according to a presentation at the annual meeting of the American Heart Association.

"The findings are significant because sleep problems can affect quality of life and may have adverse health consequences, such as promoting weight gain and insulin resistance," said Beatrice Golomb, MD, lead author of the study and an associate professor of medicine and family and preventive medicine at the University of California at San Diego School of Medicine.

Because simvastatin is fat soluble it can more readily penetrate cell membranes and cross the blood-brain barrier. In contrast, water-soluble pravastatin does not enter brain tissue.

"The results showed that simvastatin use was associated with significantly worse sleep quality. A significantly greater number of individuals taking simvastatin reported sleep problems than those taking either pravastatin or the placebo," Golomb said. "On average, the lipophilic statin had a greater adverse effect on sleep quality."

"Several small studies were done early on, including those focused on lipophilic versus hydrophilic statins," Golomb said. "Most (researchers) didn't see a difference in sleep, but they had short durations of follow-up and enrolled just a handful of people - often fewer than 20, which was not enough to see a difference unless it was very large. One of these studies did report a significant difference between pravastatin and simvastatin. But without more and bigger studies, an effect was not considered to be established."

In the current study, researchers tested 1,016 healthy adult men and women for six months in a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial using simvastatin, given at 20 mg, pravastatin at 40 mg, or a placebo. They assessed outcomes with the Leeds sleep scale, a visual analog scale of sleep quality, and a rating scale of sleep problems. Both scales were measured before and during treatment.

"Those who reported developing much worse sleep on study medication also showed a significant adverse change in aggression scores compared to others," Golomb said "We should also point out that although the average effect on sleep was detrimental on simvastatin, this does not mean that everyone on simvastatin will experience worse sleep."

Researchers did not include patients with heart disease or diabetes due to concerns about assigning people to placebos.

"Patients taking simvastatin who are having sleep problems should consult with their doctor," Golomb said. "Sleep deprivation is a major problem in a minor number of people."

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